

Version 15

Integrating NoSpamProxy Encryption

- into Office 365
- into Microsoft Azure
- as an on-premises solution



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Content

Introduction	1
Enabling Office 365 as a relay host	2
Setting up forwarding to Microsoft 365	5
Configuring Microsoft 365	9
Creating the transport rules	14
Necessary configurations for the operation in Microsoft Azure	18
Help and support	

Introduction

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Since version 10, NoSpamProxy® can be fully integrated into Microsoft Office 365. This manual describes the configuration steps for NoSpamProxy and Microsoft 365 as well as for the server environment used.

The described configuration also applies to the use of NoSpamProxy as an onpremises solution and in Microsoft Azure.

NOTE: The specific configuration steps for use in Microsoft Azure are described below Necessary configurations for the operation in Microsoft Azure.

Enabling Office 365 as a relay host

In this step, you allow Microsoft 365 to be used as a relay host in the NoSpamProxy® configuration so that emails can be sent from Microsoft 365 to external communication partners through NoSpamProxy.

Without this configuration, NoSpamProxy will evaluate and reject emails as relay abuse attempts.

NOTE: Make sure that you have set up at least one corporate domain before you start the configuration.

 In the NoSpamProxy Command Center, go to Configuration > Email Routing and click Add.



2. Select the As Office 365 tenant type, and then click Next.



- 3. Under **Endpoint**, make the appropriate selection for your organisational environment.
- 4. Enter your tenant ID. Make sure that you enter the name of the ID (not the ID in hexadecimal notation).
- 5. Click Next.



6. At **Assigned company domains**, select the domains that you have stored in Microsoft 365 and that will appear in the sender address for outbound emails.

NOTE: If you do not find all domains here, you must add the missing domains under Identities > Corporate Domains > Corporate Domains. This is also possible at a later date.

- 7. Click Next.
- 8. Enter a comment if necessary and then click **Finish**.

The email server has been created.

Setting up forwarding to Microsoft 365

In this step, you configure NoSpamProxy® so that all inbound and outbound emails are forwarded to Microsoft 365. To do this, you must edit the corresponding send connectors.

Creating the inbound send connector

- 1. Go to **Configuration > Email routing**.
- 2. Under Inbound send connectors, click Switch to queued delivery.



3. In the Change delivery dialog, select Replace delivery.

NOTE: From version 13 on, this step is no longer necessary, since direct delivery is no longer supported from this version on.

4. In the dialog box that appears, select Office 365 and click Next.

Eingehender Sendekonnektor	-		×
Eingehender Sendekonnektor			
Тур			
Bitte wählen Sie den zu erstellenden Sendekonnektor.			
○ SMTP			
Office 365			
Zurück Weiter Al	brechen	und schli	eßen

- 5. Type any name for the inbound send connector, and then select the Gateway Role(s) that you want to process emails to Office 365.
- 6. Click **Next** and then **Finish**.

Creating the outbound send connector

- 1. Go to **Configuration > Email routing**.
- 2. Und Outbound send connectors click Add, select SMTP and click Next.

 Enter any name for the outbound send connector, then select the Gateway Role(s) to process outbound emails and determine the cost.



- 4. Under Routing method select Delivery via a dedicated server (smarthost) and click Next.
- 5. Under **Delivery** click on **Add** and enter the appropriate name as the server name using the pattern **NameYourClient.mail.protection.outlook.com**



6. Select the option **Do not use authentication** and click **Next**.

- Determine the connection security, select a certificate if necessary and click Finish and then Next.
- 8. Leave the setting under **DNS routing restrictions** as they are.
- 9. Click Finish.

The configuration for NoSpamProxy is now complete.

Configuring Microsoft 365

Creating a connector for outbound emails

In this step, you configure the Office 365 client not to deliver outbound emails directly to the recipient server, but to NoSpamProxy® first. To do this, log in to your Exchange Admin Centre at <u>https://admin.exchange.microsoft.com/</u>.

NOTE: Use a user with administrative rights to log on.

- In the Exchange Admin Centre, go to Mail Flow > Connectors; then click Add Connector.
- 2. On the first page, select **Office 365** in the **From** box; then select **Partner organization** in the **To** box.

Connector hinzufügen	
Neuer Connector	
O Name	Neuer Connector
Verwendung des Connectors	
Routing	Geben Sie Ihr E-Mail-Flussszenario an. Wir teilen Ihnen dann mit, ob Sie einen Connecto einrichten müssen.
	Verbindung von
Sicherheitseinschränkungen	Office 365
	E-Mail-Server Ihrer Organisation
O Überprüfungs-E-Mail	O Partnerorganisation
Connector überprüfen	
	Verbindung mit
	E-Mail-Server Ihrer Organisation
	Partnerorganisation

3. Click Next.

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4. On the following page, enter any name for the connector and, if required, a description and click **Next**.

 On the following page, select the option Only if I have set up a transport rule that redirects messages to this connector and click Next.

 Neuer Connector 	
Name	Verwendung des Connectors
Verwendung des Connectors	
	Geben Sie an, wann Sie diesen Connector verwenden möchten.
○ Routing	 Nur, wenn ich eine Transportregel eingerichtet habe, die Nachrichten an diesen Connectu umleitet
Sicherheitseinschränkungen	O Nur, wenn E-Mails an diese Domänen gesendet werden
 Überprüfungs-E-Mail 	
Connector überprüfen	

 Select the option Forward email via these smart hosts, enter the name or IP address of the server (smart host) on which the gateway role is installed and click Save.

Connector hinzufügen	
Neuer Connector	
2 Name	Routing
Verwendung des Connectors	We window Gr 5 Mail: united iter?
Routing	wee much we servate weeken weeken Geben Sie einen oder mehrere Smart week an all die Office 365 E-Mail-Nachrichten übermitte Eine Smartheet uit die Altwart einer Sanar week kenne mit het die wetreuwstellisien der
) Sicherheitseinschränkungen	Domänennamens (FQDN) oder einer IP-Adresse identifiziert werden.
) Überprüfungs-E-Mail	MX-Eintrag verwenden, der der Domäne des Partners zugeordnet ist E-Mail über die diese Smarthosts weiterfeiten
Connector überprüfen	Beispiel: myhost.contoso.com oder 192.168.3.2 +

NOTE: When entering the host name, note that Microsoft 365 considers the MX records before the A records when resolving. If an MX record exists for the entered host name in addition to an A record, the connector will fall back on the MX record.

In the following dialog box, enable the option Always use Transport Layer
 Security (TLS) to secure the connection (recommended). In the dialog box

below, select Any digital certificate, including self-signed certificates and click Next.

Neuer Connector	
Name	Sicherheitseinschränkungen
Verwendung des Connectors	
Routing	Wie sollte Office 365 eine Verbindung mit dem E-Mail-Server Ihrer Partnerorganisation herstellen?
	Immer TLS (Transport Layer Security) zum Sichern der Verbindung verwenden (empfohlen)
Sicherheitseinschränkungen	Verbindung nur herstellen, wenn das Zertifikat des E-Mail-Servers des Empfängers dieses Kriterium erfüllt
Übernrüfungs-E-Mail	 Alle digitalen Zertifikate, einschlie ßlich selbstsignierter Zertifikate
	Von einer vertrauenswürdigen Zertifizierungsstelle (CA) ausgestellt
) Connector überprüfen	Fügen Sie den Betreffnamen oder alternativen Betreffnamen (SAN) hinzu, der diesem Domänennamen entspricht:
	Beispiel: "contoso.com" oder "*.contoso.com"

- 8. Check the summary of your information for accuracy and click Next.
- 9. In the following dialog, enter one or more email addresses that you want to use to verify this connector.

Connector hinzufügen	
Neuer Connector	
	Übermutifummer E Meil
Name	Oberprutungs-E-Mail
Verwendung des Connectors	Gobon Sin ning E Mail Advance für ein aktiver Portfach an der rich in Ihrer Partnerdomänn
An effective states and a second states	befindet. Wenn Ihre Partnerorganisation über mehrere Domänen verfügt, können Sie mehrere
 Routing 	Adressen hinzufügen.
Sicherheitseinschränkungen	Beispiel: benutzer@contoso.com +
Ĩ	
Überprüfungs-E-Mail	Überprüfen
Connector überprüfen	

10. Click Validate.

NOTE: One or more test messages are now sent. You will receive a check result after the check is completed. The test message usually fails; you can ignore this at first.

11. Click Save to close the dialog.

Creating a connector for inbound emails

In this step, you configure the Office 365 client not to deliver outbound emails directly to the recipient server, but to NoSpamProxy® first. To do this, log in to your Exchange Admin Centre at <u>https://admin.exchange.microsoft.com/</u>.



- In the Exchange Admin Centre, go to Mail Flow > Connectors; then click Add Connector.
- On the first page, in the From field, select Your organization's email server; in the To field, select Office 365

Connector hinzufügen	
Neuer Connector	
O Name	Neuer Connector
Gesendete E-Mail wird authentifiziert.	
Connector überprüfen	Geben Sie Ihr E-Mail-Flusszenario an. Wir teilen Ihnen dann mit, ob Sie einen Connector einrichten müssen.
	Verbindung von
	Office 365
	E-Mail-Server Ihrer Organisation
	O Partnerorganisation
	Verbindung mit
	Office 365

- 3. Click Next.
- 4. On the following page, enter any name for the connector and, if required, a description and click **Next**.

NOTE: Be sure to uncheck the box next to Keep internal Exchange email headers. 5. On the following page, select the option By checking whether the IP address[...], enter the IP address of the NoSpamProxy server and click the plus sign.

Neuer Connector	
Name	Gesendete E-Mail wird
Gesendete E-Mail wird authentifiziert.	authentifiziert.
) Connector überprüfen	
	Wie soll Office 365 E-Mail von Ihrem E-Mail-Server identifizieren?
	Wählen Sie aus, wie Office 365 E-Mails authentifiziert und akzeptiert, die von Ihrem E-Mail-Si gesendet werden.
	Durch Überprüfen, ob der Antragstellername des Zertifikats. mit dem der sendende Serv die Authentifizierung bei Office 365 vornimmt, mit dem Domänennamen übereinstimmt, im Textfeld unten eingegeben wird (empfohlen)
	Beispiel: "contoso.com" oder "*.contoso.com"
	Durch Überprüfen, ob die IP-Adresse des sendenden Servers mit einer der folgenden IP- Adressen übereinstimmt, die exklusiv zu Ihrer Organisation gehören
	Beispiel: 10.5.3.2 oder 10.3.1.5/24 +

6. Click **Next** and then **Save**.

Creating the transport rules

Creating the outbound transport rule

- In the Exchange Admin Centre, go to Email flow > Rules; then click Add a rule.
- 2. Select Create a new rule.



- 3. Enter any name for the rule.
- 4. Under Apply this rule if, set the following options:
 - The recipient
 - is external/internal
 - Outside the organization
- 5. Set the following options under Proceed as follows:
 - Redirect message to
 - The following connector

 Enter the previously created connector for outbound emails and click Save and then Next.

NOTE: If you can only select **persons** at this point, click **More options**. There you can select the option **Use the following connector** under **Redirect the message to**. You can then use the connector you created earlier.

- 7. Set the following options under Except if:
 - The sender
 - IP is in one of these ranges or exactly matches
- Add the IP address used by NoSpamProxy and click Add, Save and then Next.
- 9. Click Save.

Creating the inbound transport rule

 In the Office 365 administration interface, go to Email flow > Rules; then click Add a rule. 2. Select Create a new rule.



- 3. Enter any name for the rule.
- 4. Under Apply this rule if, set the following options:
 - The recipient
 - is external/internal
 - Inside the organization
- 5. Set the following options under Proceed as follows:
 - Redirect message to
 - The following connector
- 6. Enter the previously created connector **for inbound emails** and click **Save** and then Next.

- 7. NOTE: If you can only select **persons** at this point, click **More** options. There you can select the option **Use the following** connector under **Redirect the message to**. Afterwards you can use the connector you created before.
- 8. Set the following options under Except if:
- 9. The sender
- 10. IP is in one of these ranges or exactly matches
- 11. Add the IP address used by NoSpamProxy and click OK.
- 12. Click Save.

Necessary configurations for the operation in Microsoft Azure

Integrating the TCP proxy

NOTE: You must have a valid software maintenance contract to use the TCP Proxy.

It is possible that for cloud-based systems, e.g. Microsoft Azure, port 25 is blocked by the provider. However, port 25 is required for sending emails, and port 25 being blocked prevents NoSpamProxy from operating on such a system.

We offer a solution in the form of our *TCP proxy*. This system can be activated in NoSpamProxy as described below. Each outbound connection is routed to a routable IPv4 address on the TCP level through the TCP proxy for NoSpamProxy. The emails will be sent from the server via port 443 to the TCP proxy and from there via port 25 to the recipient system.

- 1. Stop the Gateway Role via the NoSpamProxy console or the Windows services.
- 2. Open a text editor using administrative rights on the system where the Gateway Role is installed.
- Open the configuration file "Gateway Role.config" from the directory C:\ProgramData\Net at Work Mail Gateway\Configuration.

4. Search the file for <smtpServicePointConfiguration> and change/add the value

isProxyTunnelEnabled="true"

proxyTunnelAddress="proxy.nospamproxy.com"

as attributes . If <smtpServicePointConfiguration is not present, search for <netatwork.nospamproxy.proxyconfiguration and add

<smtpServicePointConfiguration isProxyTunnelEnabled="true" proxyTunnelAddress="proxy.nospamproxy.com" />

directly under this value.

- 5. Save the file and close the editor.
- Place the <u>Root CA certificate</u> in the Microsoft certificate store in the computer account under Trusted Root Certification Authorities > Certificates on the server with the Gateway Role.
- In the NoSpamProxy Command Center under Configuration > NoSpamProxy components > Gateway Roles edit the appropriate gateway role and change the value for SMTP Server Name to the value outboundproxy.nospamproxy.com.
- 8. Restart the Gateway Role.
- 9. Open the **Gateway Role.config** file again and check whether the value was retained at startup.

Adjusting the SPF entry

If the TCP proxy is implemented, it acts as the sending system. Thus, the TCP proxy must also be included in your SPF record. We strongly recommend adding the following entry to your SPF record:

include:_spf.proxy.nospamproxy.com

If applicable: Customising Office 365

If you send emails from Azure to your own Office 365 instance where a connector is bound to the IP addresses, please update the IP addresses to match the name outboundproxy.nospamproxy.com. Since with Office 365 the TLS certificates are checked against the HELO domain, it is only possible to implement this accordingly with significantly increased effort. We therefore recommend validation by name.

If necessary: Adjust the firewall

If you specifically block outgoing connections, you should adjust the exception for the TCP proxy so that connections to the IP network 193.37.132.0/24 are allowed.

Setting up a static IP address

If you want to run NoSpamProxy or parts of it in a virtual machine in a Microsoft Azure environment, you must have an IP address that is retained even after the machine is restarted. To achieve this, you must set up a static IP address (reserved IP address). Otherwise, it is possible that a different IP address will be assigned after the machine is restarted.

NOTE: You make this setting on the Microsoft Azure virtual machine where NoSpamProxy is installed.

- 1. Open the web page portal.azure.com.
- Under Home > Virtual Computers, click the virtual computer where NoSpamProxy is installed.
- Go to Network > Network interface > IP configurations and select the configuration relevant for NoSpamProxy.
- 4. Enable the **Public IP address** option and then click **Create new**.
- 5. Enter a name and select the **Static** option.
- 6. Click OK.

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The IP address is now displayed under the specified name.

NOTE: Also note the instructions on the corresponding page of the Microsoft Azure documentation.

Customizing the Reverse DNS Entry for the NoSpamProxy Server

- 1. Go to portal.nospamproxy.com.
- Go to Dashboard > Resource Groups >
 [TheResourceGroupTheVirtualComputerBelongsTo] >

 [YourVirtualComputer] > Properties.

- 3. Enter a name for the public IP address under **DNS name label**.
- 4. Start the Azure Shell.

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5. Enter the following command, replacing the placeholders:

az network public-ip update --resource-group [ResourceGroup] --name [IPAddressName] --reverse-fqdn [FullDNSName] --dns-name [DNSName]

NOTE: Also note the instructions on the corresponding **page of the** <u>Microsoft Azure documentation</u>.

Help and support

Knowledge Base

The **Knowledge Base** contains further technical information on various problems.

Website

The **NoSpamProxy website** contains manuals, white papers, brochures and other information about NoSpamProxy.

NoSpamProxy Forum

The **NoSpamProxy forum** gives you the opportunity to exchange information with other NoSpamProxy users, get tips and tricks and share them with others.

Blog

The **blog** offers technical support, tips on new product versions, suggestions for changes to your configuration, warnings about compatibility problems and much more. The latest news from the blog is also displayed on the start page of the NoSpamProxy Command Center.

YouTube

On our **YouTube** channel you will find tutorials, how-tos and other product information that will make working with NoSpamProxy easier.

NoSpamProxy Support

You can reach our support team

- by phone at <u>+49 5251304-636</u>
- by email at <u>support@nospamproxy.de</u>.

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